

**SUGGESTION FOR UPCOMING HALF YEARLY  
(CLASS 9) AND PRETEST(CLASS ) 10 EXAM 2020**

**SUB ENGLISH 2<sup>ND</sup> PAPER SUB CODE:108**

**1. Fill in each gap with a suitable word from the box. You may need to change the forms of some of the words. You may need to use one word more than once. 1/2 × 10 = 5**

1.

Defend	Materialize	so-called	Cherished	noble	Pretender
Aloft	Fake	Fraud	Remember	inherent	inspire

Patriotism is (a)—virtue. It is an(b)----instinct in human nature. It (c)---a man to shed every drop of blood to (d)---the liberty and dignity of the country. But patriotism should not be merely a (e)----a slogan in the public meetings to (f)----the people. It should be (g)---in the core of heart and (h)---in our deeps. We should keep ourselves above from the (i)---patriotism. Everybody should bear in mind that a (j)—must be defeated. Nobody will remember or honour a mock patriot.

2.

Light	bring	Deprive	Participation	removes	run
darkness	educate	discrimination	Development	Basic	remain

Education (a)---our ignorance and gives us (b)---of knowledge. In respect of imparting education there should be no (c)---between man and woman. Education is one of the (d)-

-- human rights. If we (e)----women of the right of education, almost half of our population will (f)—in (g)--.No(h)---can be brought about without (i)---of women. So government is doing everything to (j)---women folk.

3.

loses	Both	Continuously	Real	competition	matched
Progress	Losses	Enjoyment	matching	Result	win

Without efforts there can be no (a)----in life. Life (b)----its interest if there is no struggle. Games become dull, if there is no (c)----in them and if the (d)----can be easily foreseen. No matter we (e)----the game or lose it the keener the contest, the greater (f)----.A victory is not a (g)----triumph unless (h)---the sides are equally (i)----.Whether we like it or not, life is one (j)----competitive examination.

4.

agricultural	depend	livelihood	industries	Agriculture
Causes	brings	dealing	supplies	consumption

Bangladesh is an (a)----country. Most of the people of this country directly or indirectly (b)-----on agriculture for their (c)----.Many important (d)-----depend on (e)----products. Agriculture (f)----food stuff for human and animal (g)----.Any (h)----in agricultural products (i)-----economic depression in the country. Failure of crops (j)----sufferings to the entire people.

5.

Safety	narrow	menace	invention	Life	Controlled
daily	Lie	Violate	happen	Increasingly	Lives

Road accidents are (a)---occurrences in modern city. Every year thousands of people lose their (b)---and many more are injured. Before the (c)----of automobile, people moved from one place to another slowly but (d)----.The real causes of road accidents (e)---with the people not with the transports.In some cities ,the roads are (f)---.These can hardly cope with the (g)---number of traffic .Besides, the traffic is not (h)----properly. The drivers often(i)----traffic rules. As road accidents seem a great (j)----,immediate steps should be taken to stop the danger.

6.

about	Lives	neglected	Evil	Proper	real
right	Been	very	remember	Bright	Regret

Our freedom fighters are the (a)----heroes of our country. We should (b)----them as they sacrifice their (c)----for the cause of motherland. It is a matter of great (d)----that most of them are (e)----and our young generation does not know (f)----their valiant struggle. Yet today many of the real freedom fighters have not (g)---found out and established. Some of them lead (h) -----poor life. The authority in power should take (i)-----step to enlist them and (j)----honour.

**2.Fill in the blanks with suitable words. 1/2 × 10 = 5**

1). Every student wants to do well (a) — the examination. But it is not (b) — easy task. A student has to work (c) — for this. From the very (d) — of the year, he must be serious. He should read the (e) — books again and again. He must not memorize answers (f) — understanding. He must not make note (g) — a common source. He should have a good command (h) — English. By doing all (i)---- things, a student can hope to make (j) — excellent result.

2)Trees bear a great impact (a) — the climate. If we destroy trees (b) — random, one day the country will turn (c) — a great desert. The country will bear the consequences of greenhouse (d) —. Again there will be no rain and as a result, the country will face a great crisis because ours is (e)— agricultural country and our economy is dependent on (f) —. Again our agriculture (g) — on rain. So trees have a (h)— effect on our climate. Trees keep the soil strong. Trees save us (i) — flood and many other natural (j) —.

3)Students should (a) — the rules of health. They should rise (b) — bed early in the morning and go out for (c) — walk. Besides, they should have to perform all those things which are necessary for (d) — preservation of health. They should take part (e) — sports and games regularly. They are essential (f) — their physical and (g) — health. They should also follow (h) — rules (i) — cleanliness because it is as (j) — as physical exercise.

4)Modern civilization is the (a) — of science. Science has worked (b) — a magician in the world. We can't do even a (c) — day without the help of science. Many quick means (d) — communication like telephone, telex, fax, telegram, satellite etc. are (e) — greatest wonders of science. Nowadays, a message can be sent from one corner to another in the twinkle of (f) — eye. Science has brought a revolutionary (g)---- in all fields. In the field of medical science (h) — has got eyes, lame has got legs, deaf has got hearing power. (i) — diseases which were incurable in the past are now easily (j) —.

5) English is regarded as (a) — international language. It is spoken all (b) — the world. So, the importance (c) — this language can hardly be exaggerated. Almost all the books (d) -- -- higher education are written (e) — English. Today every organization needs employees who can speak and write (f) — standard form of English. English is spoken (g) — with the mother tongue almost everywhere. Ours is (h) — age of globalization. We need to (i) — English to join (j) — advanced world.

6) Illiteracy is not (a) — boon to us. It is undoubtedly a (b) —. It hinders all kinds (c) — development of a country. Illiteracy causes great (d) — to us. Since we are not (e) — of the gravity of the problem, we cannot take steps to increase our (f) — rate. As a result, we are (g) — behind. We have to depend (h) — the foreign aids. So, all should come forward (i) ----to remove illiteracy. Then, the (j) — of our country will be possible.

7) Scientists have (a) — reported that the surface ice caps are (b) —. This is due to a rise (c) — atmospheric temperature known (d) — the greenhouse effect. According to the scientists, carbon dioxide is primarily responsible (e) — temperature rise in (f) —. The carbon dioxide is high (g) — coal and oil (h) — burnt. The gas is accumulating in the atmosphere and (i) — temperature to rise. As a result, the polar ice In the North and South poles ( j) — melting.

3. **Make five sentences using parts of sentences from each column of the table below. 1×5=5**

1)

Education	is	the training for proper growth.
It	can prosper	the liberation of prejudice.
Nobody	ennobles	our minds and refines our sensibility.
The purpose of education		in life without education.
		the process by which our minds develops.

2)

Dhaka		abide by the traffic.
It	is	be implemented.
A flyover	must should has	the capital of Bangladesh.
Traffic rules	been	built in Mohakhali to reduce traffic jam.
Besides, the drivers, passers by and passengers		not only a populous city but also a city of traffic jam.

3)

The Taj	built	it most on a moonlit night.
It	is wants	it as tomb for his wife.

Emperor Shahajahan	like stands	at Agra in India.
People		one of the most beautiful buildings in the world.
Everybody		to see the Taj Mahal.

Practice from board questions and any model question.

**4. Complete the passage with suitable verbs from the box. Put them in the correct tenses. Use the negatives where necessary.  $1/2 \times 10 = 5$**

1. approach - prepare - do - make - write - hesitate - gather - cram - read - go

Ali can (a) ..... well in the examination. He crams when the examination (b) ..... . On the other hand, Arif always (c) ..... a good result because he (d) ..... notes himself, memorizes them and (e) ..... them again and again. He knows that it is a bad habit (f) ..... answers which (g) ..... out of memory as soon as the examination is over. He has been able to (h) ..... experience that one time writing is equal to (i) ..... for ten times reading. This is why, he (j) ..... to write whatever he learns.

2. call - send - remove - know - condemn - be - cross - die - tell - stop

Once upon a time there (a) — a king who was very fond of (b) — his future from the astrologers. A famous astrologer happened to (c) — at his capital on his way to Benares. The

king (d) — on him to know about his future and the astrologer (e) — him something unpleasant. At this the king got furious and (f) — him to death. But another thought (g) — his mind before the astrologer (h) — for execution. He asked, “How long would you live? ” With a ready wit the astrologer said, “The stars declare that I (i) — only a week before your death. So, I shall wait to receive your majesty where you are (j) — me.

3. take - eat - deserve - be - thrive - cause - run - know - fall - commit

Everybody (a) — that food adulteration (b) — crime. Adulterated food is poisonous and (c) — fatal diseases. People (d) — this kind of food (e) — victim to liver diseases, cancer, kidney failure and so on. Some businessmen who are avaricious and (f) — after money only (g) — this heinous offence. They (h) — on the miseries of others. They (i) — severe punishment; some strict measures should be (j) — to stop this abominable task of the greedy businessmen.

4. take - hear - invade - manage - come - go - tell - to be - rule - beg

Taimur was a great conqueror. When he (a) — young, he invaded a province which was (b) — by a powerful prince and (c) — a large village. When the prince (d) — the news, he (e) — with a big army and surrounded the village from all sides. Then a fierce battle (f) — place. Taimur's soldiers were all killed. Taimur (g) — to save his life in the guise of a traveller. He (h) — from door to door and (i) — for food. One day he

came to a house and (j) — an old woman to give him some food. where necessary.

5. do - set - put - say - inquire - visit- file - buy - keep - tell

A poor man was once (a) — in a jail although he had (b) — no wrong. After a long time, the king of the state (c) — the jail and the man (d) — him that he was innocent, but a case (e) — against him by some of his enemies. The king (f) — privately and found that it was true. He gave the man some money and (g) — him free. He went straight to the market in which there was a bird shop. There many wild birds (h) — in cages for sale. He (i) — to the shopkeeper, "I wish to buy all the birds in your shop." He then (j) — all the birds and set them free in the sky.

6.

Speak	enable	live	see	Be	
Choose	give	fail	suffer	Take	

There are several reasons why friendship (a) — so necessary in human life. A man without a friend is like a man (b) — in wilderness. Moreover, it (c) — him to understand his surrounding in a better way. By (d) — to a friend, a man can get relief. The advice (e) — by a friend is sometimes more reliable than his own judgment. Thus, it is (f) — that friendship is really important. But a man must (g) — time while (h) — a friend. If he (i) — to select the right person as a friend, he (j) — in the long run.

6.

tremble	say	ask	have	Come
cross	drown	begin	know	Be

One day a scholar (a) — a river with a boat. Suddenly a ghastly wind (b) — to blow. The scholar (c) — with fear. The boatman (d) — him if he (e) — how to swim. The answer from the scholar (f) — negative. Then the boatman (g) —, "Very soon you are

going to (h) —. You (i) — a lot of knowledge but it (j) — to use at this moment."

**5.Change the narrative style of the following text. 5**

1.Sakib said to his English teacher, "Sir, I want to improve my English. How can I do that? Can you help me?" "Don't worry, I will help you." said the teacher. "Thank you, sir," said Sakib. "Give emphasis on all the four skills of language namely listening, speaking , reading and writing," said the teacher.

2. "How are you ,Today?" I said to Sumon. "I am very nervous for the coming exam," Sumon replied. "Haven't you taken enough preparation for this?" I said to him again. "Yes, I have but I am in a fix. Let me read now," said Sumon.

3. "Don't mix with bad boys." My father said to me, "You should read attentively as your examination is knocking at the door." he said, "No, I don't keep with any bad company. I have just asked him if he knows the date of examination." I replied.

4.Returning home my father said to me. "Your progress in studies is very slow. You always move about with a group of your friends. Aren't you idling away your time with them? Can't you be more serious? Remember if you fail in the examination. I will stop paying your tution fees'. "I'm sorry. I'll mend myself." I replied.

5. "Why don't you attend my classes regularly?" The teacher said to the student. "You can not expect good results unless you attend classes as I tell you." "I am sorry, I have offended you." " I was ill in those days," said the student.

6. The boy said to the teacher, "Sir, I shall be much obliged if you will kindly lend me the book you praised highly in the classroom yesterday." The teacher said, "I am glad to know

that you are eager to read this book. You are welcome to any books that you like.” “Thank you , Sir” said the boy.

### 6.Change the sentences according to directions. 10

1.(a) Taimur was one of the greatest conquerors of the world (Make positive). (b) Young Taimur once attacked the province of a powerful prince (Use passive voice). (c) He entered the kingdom of the prince and captured a large village (Make simple sentence). (d) Taimur's soldiers were all killed by the army (Use active voice). (e) He disguised himself as a poor traveller to survive (Make complex sentence). (f) He came to a house to ask for something to eat (Make complex sentence). (g) There lived an old woman in the house (Make complex sentence). (h) Being kind-hearted, the woman gave Taimur some food. (Make compound sentence). (i) The food was very hot (Make exclamatory sentence). (j) Taimur was too hungry to wait (Make compound).

2. (a) Truthfulness is the greatest of all virtues. (Positive) (b) This virtue makes a man really great. (Complex) (c) If we do not cultivate the habit of speaking the truth, we cannot command the confidence of others. (Affirmative) (d) A lienever lies hidden. (Affirmative) (e) All hate a liar. (Negative) (f) Nobody likes him. (Interrogative) (g) All despise him without considering his social status. (Complex) (h) Therefore, the habit of speaking the truth must be formed from the very childhood. (Active voice) (i) We should know

that speaking the truth is the most rewarding thing in life. (Comparative) (j) Only truth lasts long. (Negative)

3. a. Campus violence is a common phenomenon nowadays. (Interrogative) b. Every student of the universities is a victim of it. (Negative) c. How horrible campus violence is! (Assertive) d. Political leaders use our innocent students as tools. (Passive) e. Many innocent students fall victim to it. (Complex) f. Political will is needed to solve this problem. (Active) g. Campus violence is the worst of any violence. (Positive) h. It is sure that campus violence is an evil. (Simple) i. No other phenomenon is as harmful as campus violence for the students. (Superlative) j. People believe that student politics should be stopped. (Compound)

4. (a) Strategy is the most important thing in the examination. (Comparative)b) Any answer in the exam should not be elaborated. (Active)c) When he gets the question paper he should read it carefully. (Simple)(d) At first glance, the questions may seen difficult. (Negative) (e) A student should attempt to answer all the questions to get good marks. (Complex) (f) If an examinee answers all the questions, the examiner becomes glad to see that. (Simple) (g) But, it is better than not answering at all. (Positive) (h) It is really sensible. (Exclamatory) (i) The examinee should not waste time by doing it. (Passive) (j) Without following this process, you cannot bring a good result in an examination. (Compound)

5. (a) Who does not want to succeed in life? (Assertive)(b) It is not an easy thing. (Affirmative)(c) Being industrious, everyone can prosper in life. (Negative) (d) The idle always lag behind. (Complex) (e) We must work hard so that we can earn money. (Simple) (f) By working hard, we can improve our lot. (Compound) (g) The light of prosperity can be seen by a hard working person. (Active) (h) Women should work as much as men. (Comparative) (i) We should remember that industry is the key to success. (Passive)

(j) An idle man leads a very miserable life. (Exclamatory)

6. (a) Mobile phone is one of the most wonderful inventions of science. (Positive) (b) It has added a new dimension to our life. (Exclamatory) (c) It is a telephone system that works without any wire. (Simple) (d) It can be moved easily and quickly from one place to another. (Active) (e) In our country its popularity is on the increase. (Interrogative) (f) It is sold at a cheaper rate. (Negative) (g) It encourages people to buy a mobile phone set. (Passive) (h) It has some drawbacks also. (Interrogative) (i) Though its price is decreasing, per minute bill is not decreasing. (Compound) (j) In spite of some disadvantages, the necessity of a mobile phone cannot be denied. (Complex)

### 7. Complete the sentences.

5

1. (a) He is such a great fool that —. (b) The sooner —. (c) Man lives in a society as —. (d) That he will get promotion —. (e) By the time, he returned home —.

2. (a) A book fair is a fair which ----- . (b) It is a fair where □-- ----- . (c) When it is the evening, ----- . (d) Book lovers gather in the fair so that ----- . (e) Some come to the fair to buy books and ----- .

3. a. Water is so vital an element that ----- b. We should drink pure water lest ----- c. But we are too unconscious to ----- d. We will fall in danger if we ----- e. It is high time we ----- .

4. a. Habib is a student who —. b. Everybody loves him as —. c. — that has made him a good student. d. If anybody wants to be a good student —. e. Follow him so that —.

5. (a) He pretends as if, —. (b) It is high time, —. (c) Walk slowly lest —. (d) — can not succeed. (e) Had I seen you before —.

6. (a) Slum dwellers are so poor —. (b) As they live there in an inhuman condition, —. (c) Although they do hard labour from dawn to dusk —. (d) Come forward to help them lest —. (e) Only then they will be able to —.

### 8. Complete the text adding suffixes or prefixes or the both to the root words given in the parenthesis. $1/2 \times 10 = 5$

1. Honesty is opposite to (a) — (honesty). An honest man is never (b) — (harm) to anybody. He never does (c) — (just) to others. When he does anything (d) — (moral), he feels (e) —

(comfortable). He never tells a lie. He is always (f) — (response) to his duty. We should follow the path of (g) — (honest) and leave the path of (h) — (honesty). In this way, we will be (i) — (love) by all and will be able to reach the path of (j) — (prosper)

2. Those who live a (a) — (luxury) life are always (b) — (different) to the miseries of the poor. They enjoy life in (c) — (amuse) and (d) — (merry). They are (e) — (centered) people, they have little (f) — (realize) of the (g) — (bounded) sufferings of the poor. They remain (h) — (different) to their sufferings. They feel (i) — (comfort) to work for their (j) — (better).

3. English is (a) ----- (compulsory) taught in our country. But still our learners cannot have good command over English. This is because they do not learn (b) ----- (methodical). Moreover, they read to pass the examination. Many students only (c) ----- (memory) the answers without understanding. The teachers are also (d) --(trained) or in many rural schools the English teachers are (e) ----- (efficient). Moreover, our English teachers must make our learners (f) ----- (interest) in this subject. They have to make the lessons easy and (g) ----- (live) by creating an English environment in the classroom. Learners must be made (h) ----- (attract) to the students who are (i) ----- (comparative) dull of understanding. The size of the (j) ----- (exist) class must be small.

4. Zahir Raihan was one of the most (a) — (talent) filmmakers in Bangladesh. He was an (b) — (act) worker of the Language Movement. He was also present at the (c) — (history) meeting at Amtala on February 21, 1952. All through his life, Zahir dreamt for a (d) — (democrat) society, a society that will (e) — (sure) freedom of speech and will. He made a (f) — (legend) film "Jibon Theke Neya" based on the Language (g) — (Move) of 1952. He could see the (h) — (incept) of a free and (i) — (dependent) Bangladesh. And it's a pity that this (j) — (dream) was missing at such a time when his dream came true.

5. (a) kind is a divine virtue. So we should not be (b) kind to the people in distress and even to (c) low animals. Some naughty boys (d) joy beating the lower animals like dogs and cats. This is an (e) rational behaviour. Animals are dumb (f) create. They are (g) harm beings. Some animals are very (h) faith and they feel no (i) hesitate to risk their lives for our (j) protect.

6. Trees are (a) — (use) to man in many ways. They are companion in our day to day life. It is (b) — (possible) to build our homes, furniture, etc. without trees. Trees save us from flood and (c) — (nature) calamities. It (d) — (strength) the soil. If we cut trees (e) — (discriminate) there will be ecological (f) — (balanced). So tree (g) — (plant) programme should be extended for a better, (h) — (happy), (i) — (healthy) life and (j) — (peace) environment.

9. Fill in the blanks with tag questions.

1. (a) The little boy came fast, -----? (b) I am always obsessed with cricket, -----? (c) Let's go out for a walk in the open field, -----? (d) The teacher said in the class, "He is a 3rd person," -----? (e) Hello, Sumon, I believe you are coming to the airport, -----? --?

2.(a) Most of students who fail in English do not have strong foundation on grammar, ---?

(b) No, they read only to pass the examinations, ---?

- c) Yes, teacher should motivate them to learn the basic things, —?  
 (d) Yes, they can not help learning grammar, —?  
 (e) No, moreover, practice is essential too, —?

3. a. Telling lies is a great sin, —? b. One lie begets hundred lies, —? c. None believes a liar, —? d. He has to lead a miserable life, —? e. So all of us ought to refrain from telling lies, —?

4. (a) I am still your friend. I hardly think of deceiving you, ----  
 ----? (b) Never believe what others say, -----? (c) I'll ever risk my life if you fall in any problem, -----? (d) Always remember breaking a friendship is easier than building it. I hope you must not prove yourself foolish -----? (e) Therefore, get back from your way. You need not hesitate anymore, -----?

5. (a) Mina is having a birthday party in the afternoon, -----  
 ----? (b) Yes, she is. She's been busy cleaning and dusting the drawing room, —? (c) Yesterday her father bought her a lovely dress, -----? (d) Her mother wants to give her a pleasant surprise, -----? (e) Certainly, let's buy a nice gift for her, --  
 -----?

6. (a) Time is very valuable. So, don't waste time, ----- ? (b) Abdullah and Nafisa are honest. Neither of them tells a lie, ----  
 ---- ? (c) Mother said to me, "You need not go to market, -----  
 ? (d) I have got a family. I am really happy in my family, -----  
 --- ? (e) 'I' is a pronoun, ----- ?

## 10. Complete the passage using suitable connectors.

1. Bangladesh is a small country (a) — it has a large population. A great number of people are poor (b) — illiterate. (c) — we want to develop the country, we must control the rapid growth of population. (d) — we have to face a great problem. But it is a matter of joy (e) — our government is taking initiative to solve the problem.

2. Trees are very important (a) — they produce Oxygen (b) — is a must for man and all living beings. We must realize (c) — they help us in many ways. (d) — trees are less in number, there will be an increased amount of carbon di-oxide in the atmosphere (e) — it will enhance greenhouse effect.

3. The rapid growth of population must be controlled. (a) — all sorts of attempts to solve food problem will fail. (b) — we have to increase our food production very rapidly. We may mostly solve our food problem by changing our traditional food habit. (c) — we can take potato instead of rice. (d) — it is high time we changed our eating habit. (e) — knowledge of nutritive value of food can help to solve our food problem with a great extent.

4. Health is the most precious wealth of a man. (a) — many people are not aware of the rules of health. (b) — many of them take unhygienic foods and drinks. (c) —, some utterly unscrupulous and selfish manufacturers (d) — traders of food mix various harmful chemicals with many foods. Many ignorant people take these foods and (e) — become sick and suffer from various diseases.

5. Politics itself is not an evil job (a) — the whole development of the country depends on it. (b) — student politics is not basically bad, (c) — nowadays it has taken a dreadful shape (d) — the unwise and wicked role of the politicians. Generally, the parents and guardians think that students should not take part in politics (e) — it greatly hampers their study.

6. From my school days, I heard a lot about college life. (a) ---- I was eagerly waiting for the day. (b) -----, the cherished day came. (c) ---- I reached the college, I found the whole college campus crowded by lots of young pupils. (d) ----- all of them were unknown to me. I felt very lonely. (e) -----, I met one of my school friends. I was relieved.

**11. Use capitals and punctuation marks where necessary in the following text.**

**5**

1. my lord he said to the caliph in a humble voice i know I have done wrong and must suffer for it but if I shave the donkey I shall cause it a great deal of unnecessary suffering

2. *why are you going to borisal said father i want to buy some important books said saad do you need money yes father don't go alone as time is not going well*

3. how are you said the boy im well by the grace of god replied the girl have you got my sms he asked no by god she replied my mobile phone does not function well

4. the traveller said can you tell me the way to the nearest inn yes said the peasant do you want one in which you can spend the night no replied the traveller i only want a meal.

5. what is the time by your watch he said it is half past nine i said i want to go to school he said would you accompany me please i requested no i am sorry.

6. what do you want asked she alfred answered i only want to come in i am very tired please let me come inside afterwards i will go away

\*\*\*\*STUDENTS ARE SAID TO PRACTICE ABOVE ITEMS BESIDES BOARD AND MODEL QUESTIONS FROM ANY GUIDE BOOK\*\*\*\*